Support throughout central vision loss

Everything you need to know about driving if you have macular disease. This leaflet is available on audio CD.

No one need face macular degeneration alone. For information and support call 0300 3030 111.
Having macular degeneration does not automatically mean you have to stop driving. Many people still meet the legal requirements and can continue to drive safely and legally.

However, if your eye specialist says you have a sight condition in both eyes which cannot be corrected with prescription glasses, you have a legal duty to inform your driving licence authority. You should also inform your car insurance provider. This is the case even if you feel your sight is still good.

There is a list of licensing authorities at the end of this leaflet. If both eyes are affected, it is your responsibility to report your eye condition. If you don’t do so you will be breaking the law.

Assessing your vision

When you contact the licensing authority you will be sent a questionnaire about your vision. You will also be asked for permission for your GP to pass on information about your sight. You may be asked to see an eye specialist for sight tests. There are
several types of test.

A visual acuity test measures the sharpness of your vision. To be able to drive a private car or motorbike you must have binocular visual acuity of at least 6/12. This means that when you use both eyes together, with glasses or contact lenses if necessary, you can see at 6 metres what a person with normal vision can see at 12 metres.

A visual field test measures your range of vision to the sides. You must have a visual field of at least 120° with at least 50° to left and right.

Drivers with macular degeneration, who lose central vision, often pass this test.

The number plate test checks whether you can read a standard car number plate, in good daylight, wearing any prescription spectacles, from 20 metres. This test indicates visual acuity but is not an accurate test. You can try it by walking 25 paces away from a parked car – one picked at random, not one you know – and see if you can read the number plate.

Based on the results, the driving authority
will decide if it is safe for you to drive. If you do not meet the required standard you cannot drive on a public road. If you do you will be guilty of a serious offence.

In degenerative conditions, such as macular degeneration, your vision will be rechecked every 12 to 24 months. If you feel your sight has worsened and you’re not sure if it’s affecting your ability to drive, seek advice from your GP, optician or eye specialist.

Planning ahead

If it seems you may need to stop driving in the future, it is better to take control and plan ahead. Investigate local public transport. If you are registered sight impaired there may be travel discounts available. By not running and insuring a car you will be able to spend this money on other forms of transport.

If you are in any doubt as to whether your sight is good enough to drive, seek advice from an optician or ophthalmologist.

Driving abroad

Most European countries conform to the same sight
Driving regulations. However, some parts of the world may have different requirements. Before travelling abroad, check if you are still eligible to drive.

**Group 2 driving**

All the previous information relates to driving a private car or motorbike. There are much more stringent requirements for group 2 drivers – those who drive larger or passenger carrying vehicles. Contact the relevant driving authority for further information.

**Mobility scooters**

The laws regarding their use are not currently clearly defined. However, they are under review. Currently the DVLA strongly advises that users should:

- have a minimum visual acuity of 6/24
- be physically able to control the vehicle
- have third party insurance cover
- receive basic mobility scooter training.

By law, users must not handle a mobility scooter if taking
medication that makes them drowsy or if under the influence of alcohol or drugs. If you are in any doubt please consult your GP or optician.

Department of Transport
www.gov.uk/mobility-scooters-and-powered-wheelchairs-rules

Licence authorities

England, Scotland and Wales
DVLA
Tel: 0300 790 6806
Visit www.gov.uk/contact-the-dvla or write to Drivers Medical Enquiries, DVLA, Swansea, SA99 1TU

Northern Ireland
DVANI
Tel: 0300 200 7861
Email: dva@infrastructure-ni.gov.uk

Isle of Man
Vehicle and Driving Licensing Office
Tel: 01624 686 843

Channel Isles
Guernsey
Tel: 01481 243 400
Email: dvsinfo@gov.je

Jersey
Tel: 01534 4486 00
Email: dvsinfo@gov.je

How we help

We are the national charity for anyone affected by central vision loss. We provide free information and
support to improve lives today. We fund research so that one day we can overcome macular disease.

All our services are free to those with macular conditions, their family and friends.

Make our helpline your first point of contact for your questions about macular disease.

0300 3030 111
Monday to Friday 9am – 5pm
help@macularsociety.org
www.macularsociety.org

As well as the helpline, our services include:

**Counselling** – confidential telephone support from a professional counsellor.

**Support groups** – we have over 300 local groups around the UK.

**Telephone befrienders** – particularly helpful for those who find it hard to get out and about.

**Gadget Guides** – tips on using gadgets and technology to help people adapt to living with sight loss.

**Skills for Seeing** – training to help people make best use of remaining sight.
Six months free membership
If you would like to receive regular updates about living with macular conditions, treatments and medical research to find a cure then membership is for you.

Join for free today by calling 01264 350 551 or go to www.macularsociety.org/6months